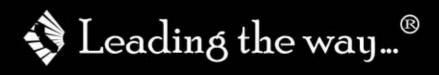
CALIFORNIA ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®

Welcome to C.A.R. Legal Live Webinar

- Our webinar will begin at 1 p.m.
- Handout for today's presentation is available at <u>http://www.car.org/legal/legal-live-webinars/</u>.

• To get audio when the webinar begins, <u>turn on</u> the volume of your computer speakers or <u>dial in</u> using the information on the attendee console. If you ______ experience audio problems with your speakers, please try dialing in instead.





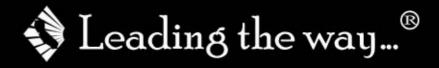
CALIFORNIA ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®

C.A.R. Legal Live Webinar Standard Forms Update



Brought to You By: Neil Kalin, Esq. C.A.R. Assistant General Counsel November 1, 2010

Copyright© 2010 CALIFORNIA ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® (C.A.R.). Permission is granted to C.A.R. members only to reproduce and use this material for non-commercial purposes provided credit is given to the C.A.R. Legal Department. Any other reproduction or use is strictly prohibited without the express written permission of the C.A.R. Legal Department. All rights reserved.



Today's Agenda Standard Forms Update

- A. November 2010 Quick Summary
- B. Short Sale Information and Advisory
- C. Short Sale Addendum
- D. Other Form Changes
- E. Questions.



A. November 2010 Form Release Quick Summary

This chart is a quick summary of the new and revised standard forms scheduled for release the week of November 22, 2010. For further information, please refer to the C.A.R. web page at http://www.car.org/legal/standard-forms/.

Form Code	Form Name	Replaces	Brief description of how the form was revised	OK to use prior revision
SSIA	Short Sale Information Advisory	SSL	New form expanding advisories regarding short sale considerations for both buyer and seller.	N/A
BRE	Buyer Representation Agreement- Exclusive	4/07	Added disclosure regarding internet and social media	ок
со	Counter Offer	10/04	Change mode to clarify when counter offer expires	ок
FLD	Lead-Based Paint and Lead Based Paint Hazards Disclosure, Acknowledgment and Addendum for Pre-1978 Housing Sales, Leases or Rentals	1/03	Added reference to EPA Lead Paint renovation rule	ок
HOA	Homeowner's Association Information Request	4/05	Reformatted to group required disclosure together	ок
MHTDS	Manufactured Home and Mobilehome Transfer Disclosure Statement	10/99	Changed to conform to statutory disclosure regarding carbon monoxide detector and inclusion of smoke detector/water heater compliance	OK to use prio version until 12/31/2010
NCPA	New Construction Residential Purchase Agreement and Joint Escrow Instructions	4/10	Revised to reflect changes to RPA and to obtain DRE approval for properties requiring a public report	No if public report required
RLA	Residential Listing Agreement – Exclusive	2/09	Added reference to internet and social media with selier opt out provision	ок
REO	REO Advisory	11/09	Added reference about buyer's choice of title and escrow tenant right after foreclosure	ок
REOL	REO Advisory – Listing	11/09	Added reference about buyer's choice of title and escrow tenant right after foreclosure	ок
SBSA	Statewide Buyer and Seller Advisory	4/07	Added reference to EPA Lead Rule, Golf course disclosure, formaldehyde, zone maps, high speed rail, legal action, the internet & social media, and modified product recall section	ок
SPQ	Seller Property Questionnaire	11/09	Added reference to EPA Lead Rule and question about architectural committees	ок
SA	Seller's Advisory	10/01	Added reference to EPA lead paint renovation rule	ок
SSA	Short Sale Addendum	4/09	Reformatted to clarify contingency for lender approval. Default and time period statutory on lender approval	ок
TDS	Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement	10/03	Changed to conform to statutory disclosure regarding carbon monoxide detector and inclusion of smoke detector/water heater compliance	OK to use pric version until 12/31/2010
WHSD	Water Heater and Smoke Detector Statement of Compliance	11/09	Added language specifying smoke detector requirement for mobile homes	Yes

Quick Summary Guide

- car.org
 - -Legal tab
 - Standard Forms tab
 - Forms Revisions and New Form Releases
 - November 2010 Forms Release
 - "<u>Click here</u> for a Quick Summary Guide on the forms to be released in November 2010"

http://www.car.org/legal/standard-forms/november2010_formreleases/



B. Short Sale Information and Advisory (Form SSIA)

- Replaces Short Sale Listing Addendum (Form SSL).
- Easier to read format with bold subheadings and bullet points.
- Used at time of listing with seller and at time of offer with buyer.

SHORT SALE INFORMATION AND ADVISORY

(C.A.R. Form SSIA, 11/10)

This Short Sale Infomation and Advisory is intended to give general information regarding short sales, their potential impact, and the rights and responsibilities of the parties involved. It is not intended as legal advice for any particular property owner or buyer. Seller and Buyer should consult with their own professional advisors for legal, tax, credit and personal advice. Real estate brokers will not provide such advice.

CALIFORNIA

ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®

- 1. WHAT IS A SHORT SALE: A short sale is the name used to describe a real estate transaction where the seller's lender(s) agree to allow the property owner to sell the property for less than the amount of the loan(s) secured by the property. The consent of the seller's lender(s) is necessary because without it there would not be enough money from the sale to pay off the lender(s) in full and to pay other costs of the sale. As a result, the lender's lien(s) would remain on the, and the seller would be unable to transfer title to the buyer free of monetary liens. (Properties that are worth less than the amount of wed to the secured lender(s) are often referred to as being "underwater" or distressed properties).
- ALTERNATIVES TO A SHORT SALE: Owners of distressed or underwater properties are faced with difficult choices that could have financial and emotional consequences. Any of the following or other alternatives potentially have negative tax or credit consequences, or both, for the owner:
 - A. A loan modification is an arrangement between a borower and a lender it can involve a reduction in the interest rate on the loan, a deferment in payments on the loan, an extension of time to pay back the loan, a reduction in principal of the loan, a combination of these possibilities, or other changes to the repayment plan. A loan modification requires the consent of both lender and borrower.
 - B. A foreclosure is a legal process through which the lender acquires title to the property from a borrower who has stopped making payments on a loan. The lender can corecipe whether or no the borrower consents.
 - C. A deed in lieu of foreclosure occurs when the borrower offers to transfer the property to the lender, in lieu of the lender having to go through the foreclosure process, and the lender agrees to accept title to the property from the borrower and forgives the debt. A deed in lieu of foreclosure requires the consent of both lender and borrower.
 - D. Bankruptcy is a legal action topically filed by a corrower to have debt(s) discharged. An automatic stay occurs as soon as a borrower files bankruptcy staying all actions against the borrower. While a petition for bankruptcy can have the effect of delaying a foredosure, it does not necessarily prevent a foredosure from eventually occurring. No lender consent is required for a borrower to file bankruptcy.
- 3. LENDER AGREEMENT TO SHORT VALE: In order for a short sale to be completed, the lender(s), at a minimum, must agree to release the property from the lender(s) lier (s) to allow the sale. The lender(s) may or may not agree to reduce the amount owed to satisfy the debt. If not, the lender(s) may continue to pursue the borrower for payment of the balance of the debt. Prior to granting approval of the sale, the lender(s) may require the borrower to disclose all of the borrower's assets. They may require that the borrower liquidate other assets. They may require that the borrower sign an agreement to repay some or all of the debt at some later time. They may require that the borrower secure the unpaid debt with other assets owned by the borrower. Additionally, they will generally require that the transaction be arm's length, and that all terms of any benefit conferred on the seller be fully disclosed and that the Seller cannot stay in the Property following the Sale. Finally, many first lien holders will imit the amount they will allow to be paid to a second lienholder, further complicating negotiations for the short sale. The lender will usually submit a "term sheet" to the borrower indicating the terms to which lender(s) will agree. If the Seller and Buyer do not modify their contract to comply with the lender(s) terms, the lender(s) may not permit the short sale to proceed. Seller is strongly advised to seek legal and tax advice regarding review of the term sheet. Brokers cannot and will not give legal or tax advice on the lender's term sheet or its effect on the Buyer and Seller's agreement or on the consequences to Buyers and Sellers should they proceed to close. There is no assurance that once the lender(s) have begun short sale negotations, they will discontinue the foreclosure procees.
- 4. SELLER'S CONTINUING LIABILITY ON THE DEBT: Many borrowers who attempt a short sale are concerned with whether the borrower is released from any further liability to the lender(s) or whether the lender can pursue the borrower for any unpaid balance of the debt. Some refer to continuing liability as a deficiency judgement. Generally speaking, a deficiency judgement is the right of a lender to pursue the borrower for the difference between the amount the lender receives and the amount the borrower owes on the debt. Deficiency judgements in California are prohibited in certain circumstances.

SSIA Paragraph Titles

- What is a Short Sale
- Alternative to a Short Sale



Lender Agreement to Short Sale



- Seller's Continuing Liability on the Debt — Reflects 1/1/11 new law re short sales Paragraph 4A2 states:
 - 2. Beginning January 1, 2011, a lender who approves a short sale is not permitted to seek a deficiency against the borrower if the loan is secured by a first Trust Deed on residential property containing 1-4 units. The January 1, 2011 law does not apply to (i) short sale approvals by junior lienholders or (ii) senior lienholders on other types of property, or (iii) a Borrower who has committed fraud or waste.

SSIA Paragraph Titles

- Credit and Tax Consequences
- Potential Improprieties



- Buyer Considerations
- Broker Role
- Broker Authority

C. Short Sale Addendum (SSA)

- Used with buyer's offer or seller's counter offer
- Creates contractual obligation between buyer and seller
- Creates a contingency for short sale lender approval
- NEW: 45 day default contingency period

	CALIFORNIA ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®	SHORT SALE ADDENDUM (C.A.R. Form SSA, 11/10)
۲h		al Purchase Agreement, Counter Offer, Cother
		("Agreement"), dated
		("Property"),
be	tween	("Buyer") and ("Seller").
-		(Seller).
Ι.	SHORT SALE APPROVAL:	
•	Lenders' Consent") to the Agreement fro	ler's receipt of and delivery to Buyer of written consent ("Short Sale im all existing secured lenders and lightholders ("Short Sale Lenders"),) Days After Acceptence (or on (date) ("Short Sale
	respective loan balances by an amount the existing balances on loans secured	hat all Short Sale Lunders shall collectively agree to reduce their sufficient to permit the proceeds from the sale of the Property to pay by the Property, real property taxes, prokerage commissions, closing he Agreement requires Seller to pay at Close Of Escrow (including,

any continuing obligation to Short Sale Lenders

return of any remaining deposit delivered to escrow.

shall nonetheless begin as otherwise specified in the Agreement; or (ii) (if checked) shall begin as specified in the Agreement.

removes the contingency in 1A

deposit delivered to escrow.

but not limited to, escrow charges, title charges, documentary transfer taxes, prorations, retrofit costs, Homeowners Association Fees and Repairs) without requiring Selier to place any funds into escrow or have

Days After receipt by Seller. (ii) Seller's presentation to Buyer of Short Sale Lender's Consent satisfying 1B

D. If by the Short Sale Contingency Date, (i) Seller has not received Short Sale Lenders' Consent satisfying 1B, Seller may in writing cancel this Agreement, or (ii) Buyer has not received a copy of Short Sale Lenders' Consent satisfying 1B, Buyer may cancer this Agreement in writing. In either case, Buyer shall be entitled to

E. Seller shall reasonably cooperate with existing Short Sale Lenders in the short sale process, but neither Seller nor Buyer is obligated to change the terms of their Agreement to satisfy Short Sale Lenders' consent or term

F. If Short Sale Lenders' written consent or term sheet(s) provided to Seller require changes to the Agreement in order to satisfy the terms of 1B, (i) neither Buyer nor Seller shall be obligated to continue negotiations to satisfy any of the requirements of the term sheet(s) (ii) either party may in writing cancel this Agreement. And (iii) Seller is advised to seek legal, accounting and tax advice before agreeing to any such changes. If the Agreement is cancelled pursuant to this paragraph. Buyer shall be entitled to return of any remaining

TIME PERIODS. Time periods in the Agreement for inspections, contingencies, covenants, and other obligations:

 (i) shall begin the Day After Seller delivers to Buyer Short Sale Lenders' Consent satisfying 1B. However, time periods for providing pre-approval/pre-qualification letters and verification of down payment and closing costs

C. (i) Seller shall Deliver to Baver a copy of Short Sale Lenders' Consent or term sheet(s) within 3 (or

Buyer's Initials (_____)(_____)

sheet(s).

Launch Poll #1



Short Sale Addendum (SSA)

• NEW: Seller must deliver lender's term sheet or consent to buyer within 3 days (paragraph 1C).

any containing congation to onort outo condors.

- C. (i) Seller shall Deliver to Buyer a copy of Short Sale Lenders' Consent or term sheet(s) within 3 (or ____) Days After receipt by Seller. (ii) Seller's presentation to Buyer of Short Sale Lender's Consent satisfying 1B removes the contingency in 1A.
- NEW: Delivery of consent meeting the terms of the contract removes the contingency (paragraph 1C).

SSA Paragraph 1F

- NEW: Neither buyer nor seller must negotiate if lender requires changes
- NEW: Seller to get legal advice before agreeing to any lender changes
 - F. If Short Sale Lenders' written consent or term sheet(s) provided to Seller require changes to the Agreement in order to satisfy the terms of 1B, (i) neither Buyer nor Seller shall be obligated to continue negotiations to satisfy any of the requirements of the term sheet(s) (ii) either party may in writing cancel this Agreement. And (iii) Seller is advised to seek legal, accounting and tax advice before agreeing to any such changes. If the Agreement is cancelled pursuant to this paragraph, Buyer shall be entitled to return of any remaining deposit delivered to escrow.



Short Sale Addendum (SSA)

- NEW: Default time periods for contingencies, covenants, etc. begin after lender consent

 Optional to begin on date of acceptance
 - TIME PERIODS. Time periods in the Agreement for inspections, contingencies, covenants, and other obligations:

 (i) shall begin the Day After Seller delivers to Buyer Short Sale Lenders' Consent satisfying 1B. However, time periods for providing pre-approval/pre-qualification letters and verification of down payment and closing costs shall nonetheless begin as otherwise specified in the Agreement; or (ii) (if checked)
 shall begin as specified in the Agreement.

Short Sale Addendum (SSA)

- NEW: Default time periods for delivering deposit to escrow begins after lender consent
 - Optional to begin on date of acceptance



Launch Poll #2



Launch Poll #3



SSA Paragraph 6

6. OTHER OFFERS. Unless otherwise agreed in writing, after Buyer's offer has been accepted by Seller, (i) Seller has the right to continue to market the Property for back-up offers or additional offers: (ii) Seller has the right to accept back-up offers (C.A.R. Form PAA, Paragraph 1), and present to Short Sale Lender(s) any accepted back-up offers or additional offers that are received; and (iii) Seller shall notify Buyer when any accepted back-up offers, or other subsequent offers are presented to Short Sale Lender(s).



Today's Agenda Standard Forms Update

- A. November 2010 Quick Summary
- **B.** Short Sale Information and Advisory
- C. Short Sale Addendum
- D. Other Form Changes
 - E. Questions.



New Construction Residential Purchase Agreement (NCPA)

- DRE approved for used in subdivision sales
- Get copy of letter
- car.org Legal tab Standard Forms tab
 - New Construction Residential Purchase Agreement
 - NCPA approved by DRE
 - Click on link to pdf

New Construction Residential Purchase Agreement

NCPA approved by DRE

The California Department of Real Estate, by letter dated September 28, 2010, has approved the C.A.R. New Construction Residential Purchase Agreement (NCPA), and complimentary forms NCEI, NCNC, NCA and NCDS, for use in the sale of residential property in a subdivision requiring a public report. An application for a public report that includes these C.A.R. forms should be accompanied by the September 28, 2010 letter. Please click here to view a copy of the letter.

Provide SB 800 with Addendum to New Construction Residential Purchase Agreement (NCAD)

DEPARTMENT OF REAL ESTATE

320 West Fourth Street, Suite 350 Los Angeles, CA 90013-1105 (213) 576-6983



September 28, 2010

Neil Kalin, Esq. Assistant General Counsel California Association of Realtors 525 S. Virgil Ave. Los Angeles, CA. 90020

RE: California Association of Realtors - Purchase Agreement and Escrow Instructions, DRR # 227

Dear Neil:

Please be advised that the above documents submitted on September 10, 2010 are deemed qualified for statewide use under current DRE regulations and procedures. Please recognize, however, that future changes in the Subdivided Lands Law or the Department's regulations or procedures could render this approval inapplicable.

This supersedes qualifying letters for previous versions of the instruments if any which are now no longer qualified for statewide use.

A copy of this letter should be attached to this agreement when the qualified instruments are submitted for use with future public report applications.

Sincerely,

Helmere

Robert D. Gilmore Managing Deputy Commissioner IV Subdivisions

Cc: Chris Neri, Assistant Commissioner Subdivisions

Residential Listing Agreement

- New: Opt-Outs Paragraph 6
- A Internet display
- B(1) Property comments / reviews
- B(2) Automatic estimates of market value
- A & B Use C.A.R. form SEL to opt-out
- New: Paragraph 16 Additional terms
- Pre-printed language for REO Advisory and SSIA attachments

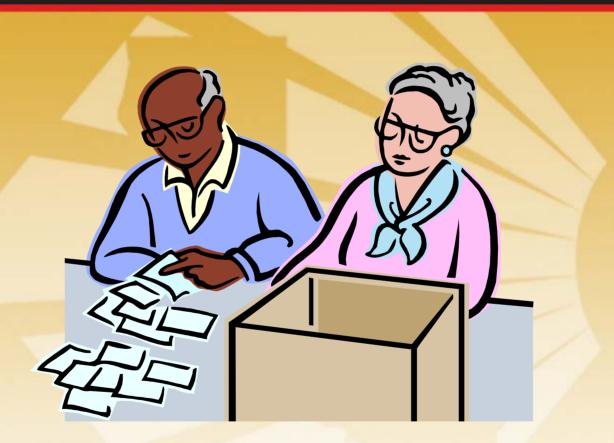
FOR SALE

REO, SPQ, SA, FLD

- New: REO and REOL
 - Language regarding tenant right to remain
- New: Seller Property Questionnaire (SPQ)
 - B (4) Lead renovation compliance
 - -I (1-3) Architectural committee / approval
 - J (2) Settlements
- New: Seller Advisory (SA)
 - 3 E Lead paint renovation requirements
- New: Lead Paint Disclosure (FLD)

– Page 1 Lead paint renovation requirements

Launch Poll #4



*Yes*No*Yes*No*Yes*No*Yes*No*Yes*No*Yes*No*Yes*No*Yes*No*Yes*No*

STATEWIDE BUYER AND SELLER ADVISORY

(This Form Does Not Replace Local Condition Disclosures. Additional Addenda May Be Attached to This Advisory. See Paragraph 44) (C.A.R. Form SBSA, Revised 11/10)

Property Address:

("Property").

BUYER RIGHTS AND DUTIES:

CALIFORNIA

ASSOCIATION

OF REALTORS®

- · The physical condition of the land and improvements being purchased are not guaranteed by Seller or Brokers.
- You should conduct thorough investigations of the Property both personally and with appropriate professionals.
- If professionals recommend further inspections, you should contact qualified experts to conduct such inspections.
- · You should retain your own professional even if Seller or Broker has provided you with existing reports.
- You should read all written reports given to you and discuss those reports with the persons who prepared them.
- You have the right to request that the Seller make repairs or corrections or take other actions based on inspections
 or disclosures, but the Seller is not obligated to make any such repairs corrections or other requested actions.
- If the Seller is unwilling or unable to satisfy your requests, and you act within certain time periods, you may have the right to cancel the Agreement (the Purchase Agreement and any Coupter Offer and Addenda together are the "Agreement").
 If you cancel outside of these periods, you may be in breach of the Agreement and your deposit might be at risk.

The terms of the purchase agreement and any counter offers and addenda establish your rights and responsibilities.
YOU ARE STRONGLY ADVISED TO INVESTIGATE THE CONDITION AND SUITABILITY OF ALL ASPECTS OF
THE PROPERTY. IF YOU DO NOT DO SO, YOU ARE ACTING AGAINST THE ADVICE OF BROKERS.

SELLER RIGHTS AND DUTIES:

- . You have a duty to disclose material facts known to you that affect the value or desirability of the Property.
- You are obligated to make the Property available to the Buyer and have utilities on for inspections as allowed by the Agreement.
- This form is not a substitute for completing a Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement, if required, and any other property-specific questionnaires or disclosure.
- . The terms of the Agreement establish your rights and responsibilities.

BROKER RIGHTS AND DUTIES:

- · Brokers do not have expertise in all great and matters affecting the Property or your evaluation of it.
- For most sales of residential properties with no more than four units, Brokers have a duty to make a reasonably
 competent and diligent visual inspection of the accessible areas of the Property and disclose to you material facts or
 defects that the inspection reveals
- · Many defects and conditions may not be discoverable by a Broker's visual inspection.
- If Brokers give a referral to another professional, Brokers do not guarantee that person's performance. You may
 select any professional of your own choosing.
- Any written agreement between a Broker and either Buyer or Seller or both establishes the rights and responsibilities
 of those parties.

1. INSPECTIONS: Buyer and Seller are advised that Buyer has the right to obtain various inspections of the Property under most residential purchase agreements. Buyer is advised to have the Property inspected by a professional property inspection service within Buyer's inspection contingency period. A licensed building contractor or other professional may perform these services. The inspector generally does not look behind walls or under carpets, or take equipment apart. Certain items on the Property, such as chimneys and spark arresters, plumbing, heating, air conditioning, electrical wiring, pool and spa, septic system, well, roof, foundation and structural items may need to be inspected by another professional, such as a chimney sweep, plumber, electrician, pool and spa service, septic or well company or roofer. A general physical inspection typically will not test for mold, wood destroying pests, lead-based paint, radon, asbestos and other environmental hazards, geologic conditions, age, remaining useful life or water-tightness of roof, cracks, leaks or operational problems associated with a pool or spa or connection of the Property to a sever system. If Buyer wants further information on any aspect of the Property. Broker recommends that Buyer have a discussion with the professional property inspector and that Buyer hire an appropriate professional for the area of concern to Buyer. Brokers do not have expertise in these areas. Brokers do not verify the results of any such inspection or guarantee the performance of any such inspector or service. Any

Statewide Buyer and Seller Advisory (SBSA)

- New: 6 Lead paint renovation rules
- New: 7 Formaldehyde
- New: 17 Changing zone maps
- New: 21 Golf course disclosure
- New: 28 Added high speed rail
- New: 34 Litigation, Arbitration, Settlements
- New: 36 Removed individual paragraphs, refer to CPSC website
- New: 40 Added internet blogs / social media



REAL ESTATE TRANSFER DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE §1102, ET SEQ.)

(C.A.R. Form TDS, Revised 11/10)

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CONCERNS THE REAL PROPERTY SITUATED IN THE CITY OF

____, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,

DESCRIBED AS

, COUNTY OF _____

THIS STATEMENT IS A DISCLOSURE OF THE CONDITION OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED PROPERTY IN COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 1102 OF THE CIVIL CODE AS OF (date) ______. IT IS NOT A WARRANTY OF ANY KIND BY THE SELLER(S) OR ANY AGENT(S) REPRESENTING ANY PRINCIPAL(S) IN THIS TRANSACTION, AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR ANY INSPECTIONS OR WARRANTIES THE PRINCIPAL(S) MAY WISH TO OBTAIN.

I. COORDINATION WITH OTHER DISCLOSURE FORMS

This Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement is made pursuant to Section 1102 of the Civil Code. Other statutes require disclosures, depending upon the details of the particular real estate transaction (for example; apecial atudy zone and purchase-money liens on residential property).

Substituted Disclosures: The following disclosures and other disclosures required by law, including the Natural Hazard Disclosure Report/Statement that may include airport annoyances, earthquake, fire, flood, or special assessment information, have or will be made in connection with this real estate transfer, and are intended to satisfy the disclosure obligations on this form, where the subject matter is the same:

Inspection reports completed pursuant to the contract of sale or receip for deposit.

Additional inspection reports or disclosures: _

II. SELLER'S INFORMATION

The Seller discloses the following information with the knowledge that even though this is not a warranty, prospective Buyers may rely on this information in deciding whether and on what terms to purchase the subject property. Seller hereby authorizes any agent(s) representing any principal(s) in this transaction to provide a copy of this statement to any person or entity in connection with any actual or anticipated sale of the property.

THE FOLLOWING ARE REPRESENTATIONS MADE BY THE SELLER(S) AND ARE NOT THE REPRESENTATIONS OF THE AGENT(S), IF ANY. THIS INFORMATION IS A DISCLOSURE AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE PART OF ANY CONTRACT BETWEEN THE BUYER AND SELLER.

Seller is is not occupying the property.

A. The subject property has the items checked below:

Exhaust Fan(s) in	_ 220 Volt Wiring in	Fireplace(s) in
Satellite Dish Intercom Central Heating Central Air Conditioning Evaporator Cooler(s)	 Automatic Garage Door Opener(s)* Number Remote Controls Sauna Hot Tub/Spa: Locking Safety Cover* 	 Window Security Bars Quick Release Mechanism on Bedroom Windows*
Smoke Detector(s) Fire Alarm TV Antenna	Garage: Attached Not Attached Carport	Gas Supply: Utility Bottled (Tank) Window Screens
Burglar Alarms Carbon Monoxide Device(s)	Gazebo Security Gate(s)	Private Utility or Other
Washer/Dryer Hookups Rain Gutters	Patio/Decking Built-in Barbecue	Water Supply: City Well
Dishwasher Trash Compactor Garbage Disposal	Septic Tank Sump Pump Water Softener	Gas Solar Electric Water Heater: Gas Solar Electric
Range Oven Microwave	Wall/Window Air Conditioning Sprinklers Public Sewer System	Child Resistant Barrier* Pool/Spa Heater:
Bando	Wall Window Air Conditioning	Pool:

Transfer Disclosure Statement (TDS)

- New: IIA format reads down; added Carbon Monoxide detector
- New: II D 1 and 2 Seller certification for smoke detectors and water heater bracing
- Same changes for MHTDS
- Water Heater / Smoke Detector form
 - Language about need to file separate statement with HCD



TDS Seller's Certification

15.	. Any notices of abatement or citations against the property No	
16.	16. Any lawsuits by or against the Seller threatening to or affecting this real property, including any lawsuits alleging	
	a defect or deficiency in this real property or "common areas" (facilities such as pools, tennis courts, walkways,	
	or other areas co-owned in undivided interest with others) No	
f the a	answer to any of these is yes, explain. (Attach additional sheets if necessary.):	

- D. 1. The Seller certifies that the property, as of the close of escrow, will be in compliance with Section 13113.8 of the Health and Safety Code by having operable smoke detector(s) which are approved, listed, and installed in accordance with the State Fire Marshal's regulations and applicable local standards.
 - The Seller certifies that the property, as of the close of escrow, will be in compliance with Section 19211 of the Health and Safety Code by having the water heater tank(s) braced, anchored, or strapped in place in accordance with applicable law.

Seller certifies that the information herein is true and correct to the best of the Seller's knowledge as of the date signed by the Seller.

Seller	Date	
Seller	Date	
Buyer's Initials ()()		
Copyright © 1991-2010, CALIFORNIA ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®, INC. TDS REVISED 11/10 (PAGE 2 OF 3)	Reviewed by Date	EQUAL HOUSING

REAL ESTATE TRANSFER DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (TDS PAGE 2 OF 3)

Questions?

- To ask a question, type it in the chat box, or if you phoned in, just raise your hand on attendee console.
- If your question involves a current transaction with another agent, please direct that question to the Legal Hotline at (213) 739-8282.
- Sorry, but we may not get to everyone's questions.



Announcements

C.A.R. Legal Live Webinar http://www.car.org/legal/legal-live-webinars/

- Recorded version of this webinar will be available in a few days.
- Next monthly webinar:

Small Claims Court December 6, 2010.



Thank You!

Still Have a Question?

For legal questions, C.A.R. members may call our Legal Hotline at (213) 739-8282 or submit to "Contact Us" at <u>www.car.org</u>.

If you have any suggestions or comments about this webinar, please answer the survey at the end of this webinar.